

200	PHANTOM	235	.Flow control of data transmission through a network
201	CROSSTALK SUPPRESSION	235.1	..Using leaky bucket technique
202	AMPLITUDE COMPRESSION OR EXPANSION	236	...Including signaling between network elements
203	GENERALIZED ORTHOGONAL OR SPECIAL MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES	236.1	...Using RM (Resource Management) cells
204	Plural diverse modulation techniques	236.2	...Using OAM (Operation, Administration and Maintenance) cells
205	..Pulse width and pulse position modulation	237	..Congestion based rerouting
206	Quadrature carriers	238	..Least cost or minimum delay routing
207	..Having a signaling constellation	238.1	...ATM least cost routing
208	Particular set of orthogonal functions	239	..Using antijabber circuit
209	..Walsh functions	240	..In a star coupler
210	Fourier transform	241	DIAGNOSTIC TESTING (OTHER THAN SYNCHRONIZATION)
211	Level multiplex	241.1	..Using OAM (Operation, Administration and Maintenance) cells
212	PULSE WIDTH (PULSE DURATION) MODULATION	242	..Fault detection
213	PULSE POSITION MODULATION	243	..Of a repeater system
214	SIMULTANEOUS TELEGRAPHY AND TELEPHONY	244	..Of a switching system
215	PHASE MODULATION	245	..Of a local area network
216	FAULT RECOVERY	246	..Of a repeater
217	..Bypass an inoperative switch or inoperative element of a switching system	247	..Having a dedicated test line or channel
218	..Packet switching system or element	248	..Path check
219	...Standby switch	249	..Loopback
220	..Standby switch	250	..Of a switching system
221	..Bypass an inoperative station	251	..Having dedicated test line or channel
222	..In a ring or loop network	252	..Determination of communication parameters
223	...Using a secondary ring or loop	253	..Measurement of flow rate of messages having an address header
224	...Loopback of signals on the secondary ring or loop	254	NETWORK CONFIGURATION DETERMINATION
225	..Bypass an inoperative channel	255	..Using a particular learning algorithm or technique
226	..In a repeater system	256	..Spanning tree
227	...Using a spare channel	257	..In a bus system
228	..Spare channel	258	..In a ring system
229	DATA FLOW CONGESTION PREVENTION OR CONTROL	259	SPECIAL SERVICES
230	..Control of data admission to the network	260	..Conferencing
230.1	..Traffic shaping	261	..Technique for setting up a conference call
231	..End-to-end flow control	262	...Operator setup of the conference
232	..Based on data flow rate measurement	263	..Conferee signals combined or distributed via time channels
233	...Measurement of the peak data flow rate		
234	...Measurement of the average data flow rate		

264	...Using plural diverse channel communications with a dedicated signaling channel (i.e., ISDN)	300	.Data assembly or formatting
265	...Particular technique for combining diverse information types	301	.Transmitting time of transition and logic state
266	...Using summation of conferee signals	302	.Channels separated in frequency
267	....Digital summation	303	.Rotary distributor
268	....Including cancellation of certain signals	304	..Synchronizer
269	....Including cancellation of certain signals	305	...Start-Stop
270	.Distribution of signal to multiple agent stations	306	....Nonmechanical
271	.Special feature of multiplex telephone terminal	307	TRASMULTIPLEXERS
272	SEXTUPLEX	308	RESONANT TRANSFER TECHNIQUES
273	QUADRUPLEX	309	RESONANT TRANSFER SUBSTITUTES
274	.Repeater	310	COMMUNICATION OVER FREE SPACE
275	.Duplex duplex	310.1	.Using ATM as a wireless protocol
276	DUPLEX	310.2	..Having a plurality of contiguous regions served by respective fixed stations
277	.Communication over free space	311	.Signaling for performing battery saving
278	..Transmit/receive interaction control	312	.Message addressed to multiple destinations
279	..Duplex repeaters	313	.Portable address responsive receiver
280	..Time division	314	..Using time division multiplexing
281	..Frequency division	315	Repeater
282	..Transmit/receive interaction control	316	..Airborne or space satellite repeater
283	..Artificial line	317	...Including noise compensation
284	..Differential	318	....Including power control
285	..Bridge	319	...Multiple access (e.g., FDMA)
286	..Echo suppression or cancellation	320	....Code division (CDMA)
287	...Disabling or inhibiting	321	....Time division (TDMA)
288	...Using an attenuator	322	....Channel reservation scheme
289	...Having residual echo cancellation or suppression	323	....Including onboard switching
290	...Using a particular adaptive filter	324	....Synchronization
291	....Using a transversal filter	325	....Including onboard switching
292	...Using a training sequence	326	...Combining or distributing information via time channels
293	.Duplex repeaters or extenders	327	..In a trunking system
294	.Time division	328	...Having a plurality of contiguous regions served by respective fixed stations
295	.Frequency division	329	..Channel assignment
296	.Convertible to half duplex	330	...Having both time and frequency assignment
297	DIPLEX	331	...Hand-off control
298	LOW SPEED ASYNCHRONOUS DATA SYSTEM (E.G., TELETYPEWRITER SERVICE)	332	....Based upon a particular signal quality measurement
299	.Data switching exchange	333	....Signal quality determined by bit error rate
		334	....Using multiple antennas at a station

335	...Combining or distributing information via code word channels using multiple access techniques (e.g., CDMA)	364	....Having plural buses
336	...Combining or distributing information via time channels	365	.....Separate transmit and receive buses
337	....Multiple access (e.g., TDMA)	366	...Including serial-parallel or parallel-serial conversion for input or output
338	..Contiguous regions interconnected by a local area network	367	....For distribution to a multiplanar switching network
339	..Plural usage of common antenna	368	....Having details of control storage arrangement
340	..Using trunking	369	...Having time and space switches
341	..Channel assignment	370	....Having space switch as intermediate stage (e.g., T-S-T, T-S-S, or S-S-T)
342	..Combining or distributing information via code word channels using multiple access techniques (e.g., CDMA)	371	.....Having details of control storage arrangement
343	..Combining or distributing information via frequency channels	372	....Having time switch as intermediate stage (e.g., S-T-S or T-T-S)
344	..Multiple access (e.g., FDMA)	373	....Having supervisory signaling
345	..Combining or distributing information via time channels	374	....Having details of control storage arrangement
346	..Polling	375	...Time switch, per se (e.g., T or T-T)
347	..Multiple access (e.g., TDMA)	376	....Time slot interchange, per se
348	...Channel reservation scheme	377	....Having supervisory signaling
349	..Using messages having an address field as header	378	....Having details of control storage arrangement
350	..Synchronization	379	.....Data memory addressing
351	PATHFINDING OR ROUTING	380	...Space switch, per se (e.g., S or S-S)
352	Combined circuit switching and packet switching	381	...Having details of control storage arrangement
353	..Switching network having common elements to handle both circuit switched traffic and packet switched traffic	382	....Data memory addressing
354	..Switching network having separate elements to handle circuit switched traffic and packet switched traffic	383	....Control storage addressing
355	..Routing packets through a circuit switching network	384	...Having a supervisory signaling feature
356	..Routing circuit switched traffic through a packet switching network	385	....Having a separate signaling network
357	Through a circuit switch	386	..Particular switching network arrangement
358	..Switching input signals having different aggregate bit rates	387	...Multiplanar switch
359	..Input or output circuit, per se (i.e., line interface)	388	...Multistage switch
360	..Switching control	389	Switching a message which includes an address header
361	...Folded network	390	..Replicate messages for multiple destination distribution
362	...Bus switch	391	..Switching input signals having different aggregate bit rates
363	....Having details of control storage arrangement	392	..Processing of address header for routing, per se
		393	Address concatenation
		394	..Sequencing or resequencing of packets to insure proper output sequence order

- 395.1 ~~Message transmitted using fixed~~ length packets (e.g., ATM cells)
- 396 ...Distributed switching
- 397 ...Employing logical addressing for routing (e.g., VP or VC)
- 398 ...Centralized switching
- 399 ...Employing logical addressing for routing (e.g., VP or VC)
- 395.2 ...Connection set-up/disconnect (e.g., Connection Admission Control)
- 395.21 ...Based on traffic contract (including using setup messages, QoS, delay/bandwidth requirement)
- 395.3 ...Connection identifier assignment
- 395.31 ...Including routing table
- 395.32 ...Employing particular searching function (e.g., hashing, alternate, re-routing)
- 395.4 ...Assigning period of time for information to be transmitted (e.g., scheduling)
- 395.41 ...Based on bandwidth allocation (e.g., Weighted Round Robin)
- 395.42 ...Based on priority
- 395.43 ...Based on service category (e.g., CBR, VBR, UBR, or ABR)
- 395.5 ...Multiprotocol network
- 395.51 ...Utilizing a plurality of ATM networks
- 395.52 ...Internet Protocol (including TCP/IP or UDP/IP) over fixed length packet network (e.g., IP over ATM)
- 395.53 ...Emulated LAN (LANE/ELAN/VLAN, e.g., Ethernet or token ring legacy LAN over a single ATM network/LAN)
- 395.54 ...Address resolution (e.g., ARP, or NHRP)
- 395.6 ...Adapting detail (e.g., converting to/from ATM, or detail of ATM Adaption Layers (AALs))
- 395.61 ...Adapting constant bit rate (CBR) data (e.g., voice, or narrow band ISDN over ATM, or using AAL1)
- 395.62 ...Detail of clock recovery or synchronization
- 395.63 ...Adapting frame relay/X.25 data (e.g., using AAL 3/4)
- 395.64 ...Adapting connection-oriented variable bit rate (VBR) data (e.g., MPEG/HDTV packet video/ audio over ATM or using AAL2)
- 395.65 ...Adapting connectionless variable bit rate (VBR) data (e.g., adapting 802.X, or using AAL5)
- 395.7 ...Having detail of switch memory reading/writing
- 395.71 ...Having input or output storage or both
- 395.72 ...Having central (e.g., common) storage
- ~~400 ...Having a plurality of nodes performing distributed switching~~
- 401 ...Bridge or gateway between networks
- 402 ...Bridge between bus systems
- 403 ...At least one bus is a ring network
- 404 ...Ring or loop forms backbone for interconnecting other networks
- 405 ...The other networks are ring or loop networks
- 406 ...Plurality of rings or loops to form a mesh network
- 407 ...Interconnected star couplers
- 408 ...Nodes interconnected in hierarchy to form a tree
- 409 ...Employing logical addressing for routing (e.g., VP or VC)
- 410 ...Having a signaling feature
- ~~411 ...including sorting and merging networks~~
- ~~412 ...Queuing arrangement~~
- 413 ...Having both input and output queuing
- 414 ...Contention resolution for output
- 415 ...Having input queuing only
- 416 ...Contention resolution for output
- 417 ...Having output queuing only
- 418 ...Contention resolution for output
- 419 ...Input or output circuit, per se (i.e., line interface)
- 420 ...For connecting plural subscribers to a network (i.e., network termination)

- | | | | |
|----------------|--|----------------|---|
| 421 | ...Subscribers connected to input or output circuit by a common bus | 452 |On ring or loop |
| 422 | ...Centralized switching | 453 |Initialization or reinitialization of network |
| 423 | ...Including a bus for interconnecting inputs and outputs | 454 |Having multiple idle or busy signals simultaneously on the network |
| 424 | ...Including a ring or loop for interconnecting inputs and outputs | 455 |Including priority resolution |
| 425 | ...Star configuration | 456 |Idle or busy signal erasure or frame erasure |
| 426 | ...Having a signaling feature | 457 | ...Initialization or reinitialization of network |
| 427 | ...Space switching | 458 | ..Using time slots |
| 428 | ...Store and forward | 459 | ..Having indication of idle or busy state of time slot |
| 429 | ..Particular storing and queuing arrangement | 460 | ...On ring or loop network |
| 430 | ..FDM switching | 461 | ..Arbitration for access between contending stations |
| 431 | CHANNEL ASSIGNMENT TECHNIQUES | 462 | ..Arbitration for access to a channel |
| 432 | ..Messages addressed to multiple destinations | 463 | ..Details of circuit or interface for connecting user to the network |
| 433 | ..Only active channels transmitted | 464 | COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES FOR INFORMATION CARRIED IN PLURAL CHANNELS |
| 434 | ..Concentrator | 465 | ...Adaptive |
| 435 | ...TASI (Time Assignment Speech Interpolation) | 466 | ..Converting between protocols |
| 436 | ..Combined time and frequency assignment | 467 | ...Conversion between signaling protocols |
| 437 | ..Adaptive selection of channel assignment technique | 468 | ..Assignment of variable bandwidth or time period for transmission or reception |
| 438 | ..Using a separate control line or bus for access control | 469 | ..Processing multiple layer protocols |
| 439 | ..Control line is used to request or reserve access | 470 | ..Frame length |
| 440 | ...Dual bus dynamic queuing (i.e., DQDB) | 471 | ...Message having an address header |
| 441 | ..Combining or distributing information via code word channels using multiple access techniques (e.g., CDMA) | 472 | ..Byte length |
| 442 | ..Combining or distributing information via time channels using multiple access technique (e.g., TDMA) | 473 | ..Transmission of a single message having multiple packets |
| 443 | ..Using channel reservation | 474 | ...Assembly or disassembly of messages having address headers |
| 444 | ...With priority resolution | 475 | ..Address transmitted |
| 445 | ..Carrier sense multiple access (CSMA) | 476 | ..Byte assembly and formatting |
| 446 | ..Using a star coupler | 477 | ..Transmission bandwidth conservation |
| 447 | ..Arbitration for access between contending stations | 478 | ..Combined time division and frequency division |
| 448 | ...Using weighted back-off timing | 479 | ..Combining or distributing information via code word channels |
| 449 | ..Polling | | |
| 450 | ..Passing a signal identifying the idle or busy state of a channel (e.g., token passing) | | |
| 451 | ...On bus | | |

- 480 ~~Combining or distributing~~
information via frequency
channels
- 481 ..Multiple frequency translations
- 482 ..Particular carrier generation
- 483 ..Using angle modulation
- 484 ..Digital analysis or synthesis
of a group
- 485 ..Subscriber carrier
- 486 ...Program distribution
- 487Combined communication of
diverse information types
- 488 ...Connecting filters
- 489 ...Bus (distributed stations)
- 490 ...Combined communication of
diverse information types
- 491 ..Pilot
- 492 ..Repeater
- 493 ..Combined voice and data
transmission
- 494 ...Data over voice
- 495 ...Data under voice
- 496 ..Signaling
- 497 ..Using particular filtering
technique
- 498 ~~Combining or distributing~~
information via time channels
- 499 ..Polarity multiplex
- 500 ..Pilot
- 501 ..Repeater
- 502 ...Bus extenders
- 503 ..Synchronizing
- 504 ..Reference indication consists
of a gap
- 505 ...Pulse stuffing or deletion
- 506Frame or bit stream
justification
- 507 ...Mutual (reciprocal)
synchronization
- 508Transmission time into time
slots adjusted based upon
propagation delay time
- 509 ..Using synchronization
information contained in a
frame
- 510Synchronization information
is distributed over multiple
frames
- 511Using redundant
synchronization words
- 512Synchronization information
is distributed within a frame
- 513Plural synchronization words
- 514Unique synchronization word
or unique bit sequence
- 515Pseudo-random
- 516 ...Adjusting for phase or jitter
- 517Including delay device
- 518Provide plural phases of a
clocking signal
- 519Delay based upon propagation
delay time
- 520 ...Unique synchronization pulse
- 521 ..Time compression or expansion
- 522 ..Signaling (ancillary to main
information)
- 523 ...Using bit robbing
- 524 ...Using a dedicated signaling
channel (i.e., D-channel)
- 525 ...Digital tone signal generation
- 526 ...Digital tone detection
- 527 ...Superimposed or modulated on
principal information
- 528 ...Inserted in gaps in main
information
- 529 ..Information superimposed on
other information
- 530 ...Staircase wave
- 531 ...Magnetic core for switching or
storage
- 532 ...Multiplexer or distributor and
technique for handling low
level input signal
- 533 ...Multiplexer or distributor
using pulse amplitude
modulation
- 534 ...Multiplexer or distributor
using electron beam switching
device
- 535 ...Multiplexing combined with
demultiplexing
- 536 ...Demultiplexing single signal
into plural parallel channels
(e.g., parallel transmission
for increasing transmission
speed)
- 537 ...Multiplexing plural input
channels to a common output
channel
- 538 ...Plural input channels of
different rates to a single
common rate output channel
- 539Multiple levels of
multiplexing to form a
multiplex hierarchy
- 540 ...Plural input channels of same
rate to a single common rate
output channel

- 541 Multiple levels of multiplexing to form a multiplex hierarchy
- 542 . . . Demultiplexing single input channel to plural output channels
- 543 Different rate output channels
- 544 . . . Same rate output channels
- 545 . . . Conversion of rate from a single input to a single output
- 546 MISCELLANEOUS

CROSS-REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS

- 901 WIDE AREA NETWORK
- 902 . . . Packet switching
- 903 . . . OSI Compliant Network
- 904 . . . Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)
- 905 . . . Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)
- 906 . . . Fiber Data Distribution Interface (FDDI)
- 907 . . . Synchronous Optical network (SONET)
- 908 LOCAL AREA NETWORK
- 909 . . . Token ring
- 910 . . . Carrier sense multiple access (e.g., Ethernet, 10Base-T)
- 911 . . . Bridge (e.g., router, bus extender, etc.)
- 912 PACKET COMMUNICATIONS
- 913 . . . Wireless or radio
- 914 RATE CONVERTER
- 915 TIME DIVISION CELLULAR RADIO SYSTEMS
- 916 MULTIPLEXER/DEMULTIPLEXER

FOREIGN ART COLLECTIONS

FOR 000 CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS

Any foreign patents or non-patent literature from subclasses that have been reclassified have been transferred directly to FOR Collection listed below. These collections contain ONLY foreign patents or nonpatent literature. The parenthetical references in the Collection titles refer to the abolished subclasses from which these Collections were derived.

- FOR 100 SIMULTANEOUS TELEGRAPHY AND TELEPHONY (370/125)
- FOR 101 MULTIPLEX SWITCHING (370/53)
- FOR 102 . . . Pathfinding (370/54)
- FOR 103 . . . Drop channel (370/55)
- FOR 104 . . . Concentrators (370/56)
- FOR 105 . . . FDM switching (frequency division multiplexing) (370/57)
- FOR 106 . . . TDM switching (time division multiplexing) (370/58.1)
- FOR 107 . . . Control processing (370/58.2)
- FOR 108 . . . Distributed (370/58.3)
- FOR 109 . . . T-S (Time-Space) or S-T (370/59)
- FOR 110 . . . Packet or addressed data (370/60)
- FOR 111 . . . Combined with circuit-switching (370/60.1)
- FOR 112 . . . Store and forward (370/61)
- FOR 113 . . . Special services with switching (e.g., conference) (370/62)
- FOR 114 . . . TST (Time-Space-Time) (370/63)
- FOR 115 . . . STS (Space-Time-Space) (370/64)
- FOR 116 . . . Folded network (370/65)
- FOR 117 . . . Space stage, per se (370/65.5)
- FOR 118 . . . Time only (370/66)
- FOR 119 . . . Bus switch (370/67)
- FOR 120 . . . Time slot interchangers, per se (370/68)
- FOR 121 . . . With signalling feature (370/68.1)
- FOR 122 FREQUENCY DIVISION (370/69.1)
- FOR 123 . . . Multiple frequency translations (370/120)
- FOR 124 . . . Carrier generation (370/121)
- FOR 125 . . . Angle modulation (370/122)
- FOR 126 . . . Filtering techniques (370/123)
- FOR 127 . . . Digital analysis or synthesis of group (370/70)
- FOR 128 . . . Subscriber carrier (370/71)
- FOR 129 . . . Connecting filters (370/72)
- FOR 130 . . . Program distribution (370/73)

- FOR 131 ..Bus (distributed stations) (370/124)
- FOR 132 ..Pilot (370/74)
- FOR 133 ..Repeaters (370/75)
- FOR 134 ..Signalling (370/76)
- FOR 135 **TIME DIVISION (370/77)**
- FOR 136 ..Polarity multiplex (370/78)
- FOR 137 ..Adaptive systems (370/79)
- FOR 138 ..Only active channels transmitted (370/80)
- FOR 139 ...TASI (Time assigned speech interpolation) (370/81)
- FOR 140 ..Frame length (370/82)
- FOR 141 ..Byte length (370/83)
- FOR 142 ..Rate (370/84)
- FOR 143 ..Bus transmission (370/85.1)
- FOR 144 ..Contention (370/85.2)
- FOR 145 ...Carrier sense (370/85.3)
- FOR 146 ...Token passing (370/85.4)
- FOR 147 ...Loop or ring (370/85.5)
- FOR 148 ...Priority (370/85.6)
- FOR 149 ..Variable channel assignment (370/85.7)
- FOR 150 ...Polling (370/85.8)
- FOR 151 ..Plural bus (370/85.9)
- FOR 152 ...With separate control bus (370/85.11)
- FOR 153 ...Loop or ring (370/85.12)
- FOR 154 ...Bridge between bus systems (370/85.13)
- FOR 155Interconnection between ring or loop (370/85.14)
- FOR 156 ..Loop or ring (370/85.15)
- FOR 157 ..Asynchronous and nonsynchronous (370/91)
- FOR 158 ..Address transmitted (370/92)
- FOR 159 ...Multiple access, discrete address (370/93)
- FOR 160 ...Packet (370/94.1)
- FOR 161Combined with synchronous information (370/94.2)
- FOR 162Star, tree, or mesh networks (370/94.3)
- FOR 163 ..Variable channel assignment (370/95.1)
- FOR 164 ..Polling (370/95.2)
- FOR 165 ..Time division multiple access (370/95.3)
- FOR 166 ..TDM pulse repeater (370/97)
- FOR 167 ..Pilot (370/98)
- FOR 168 ..Byte assembly and formatting (370/99)
- FOR 169 ..Synchronizing (370/100.1)
- FOR 170 ..Reference indication consists of a gap (370/101)
- FOR 171 ..Pulse stuffing or deletion (370/102)
- FOR 172 ..Mutual (reciprocal) synchronization (370/103)
- FOR 173 ..Moving satellite (370/104.1)
- FOR 174 ..Distributed (370/105)
- FOR 175 ..Frame (370/105.1)
- FOR 176 ..Channel (370/105.2)
- FOR 177 ..Bit phase or jitter (370/105.3)
- FOR 178 ..Unique synchronization word (370/105.4)
- FOR 179 ..Unique synchronization pulse (370/105.5)
- FOR 180 ..Plural synchronizing words (370/106)
- FOR 181 ..Pseudo-random (370/107)
- FOR 182 ..Including delay device (370/108)
- FOR 183 ..Time compression or expansion (370/109)
- FOR 184 ..Signalling (ancilliary to main information) (370/110.1)
- FOR 185 ..Digital tone signal generation (370/110.2)
- FOR 186 ..Digital tone detection (370/110.3)
- FOR 187 ..Superimposed or modulated on principal information (370/110.4)
- FOR 188 ..Inserted in gaps in main information (370/111)
- FOR 189 ..Multiplexers/distributors (hierarchy and level) (370/112)
- FOR 190 ..Apparatus and techniques for handling low level input signals (370/113)
- FOR 191 ..Pulse amplitude modulation (370/114)
- FOR 192 ..Electron beam switching device (370/115)
- FOR 193 ..Staircase wave (370/116)
- FOR 194 ..Magnetic core for switching or storage (370/117)
- FOR 195 **TRANSMISSION BANDWIDTH CONSERVATION (370/118)**
- FOR 196 **MISCELLANEOUS (370/119)**
- PATHFINDING OR ROUTING**
- ..Switching a message which includes an address header

FOR 197 ..Message transmitted using
regularly occurring fixed
length time intervals (e.g.,
ATM) (370/395)

